Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name Shell Stamina Grease RL 2 SPRAY

Recommended Use Lubricating grease. Other than those above. **Restricted Use** Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Lubricants Japan K.K.

> 1-11-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 100-6212 Japan : Tel.0120-064-315/Fax.0120-264-315(customer service center)

Effective Date: May 1, 2022

Emergency Telephone Number : same as above. (Japanese office hours only) **Contact for Safety Data Sheet** https://shell-lubes.co.jp/contact/ (website)

SDS Code : 001D9725S

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification : Aerosols: Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic hazard: Category 3

GHS Label Elements

Telephone/Fax

Symbol(s)

Signal Words Danger

Hazard Statement H222: Extremely flammable aerosol

> H229: Pressurized container: may burst if heated H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

GHS Precautionary Statements

Prevention : P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smokina.

P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P273: Avoid release to the environment.

Response : No precautionary phrases.

Storage : P410+412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Disposal : P501: Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste site or reclaimer in accordance

with local and national regulations.

Unclassified Hazard : Please see Section 4 - 8 before use for Prevention/Response/Storage/Disposal.

Information Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance or Mixture · Mixture

: Lubricating grease. **Chemical Description Component Information** : Lubricant base oil 25-35%

Grease thickner (Poly urea)1-5%

Additives ≤10% Solvent 15-25%

LPG (Propellant) 45-55% : Not possible to define.

Chemical Formula CAS registry number Trade secret

Additional Information If product contained highly refined mineral oil, it contains <3% DMSO-extract,

according to IP346.

Pollutant Release and Transfer : Not applicable

Register (PRTR) Law

Law

Industrial Safety and Health

: Labeling(Delivery of Documents): Mineral oil 20-30%, Petroleum naphtha 15-

25%, Butane 30-40%

Delivery of Documents: Diphenylamine <1%

Dangerous goods: Flammable materials, Extremely flammable gas : Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious Substance Control Law

Classification of components according to GHS

: [Chemical Identity/Hazard Class (category)/Hazard Statement/Conc.]

Propane/Flam. Gas 1, Liq. Gas/H220,H280/15-25% Butane/Flam. Gas 1, Liq. Gas/H220,H280/30-40%

Diphenylamine/Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, Acute Tox. 3, STOT RE 2, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1/H301,H311,H331,H373,H400,H410/0.1-0.9%

The specific chemical identities and percentages of composition have been withheld as trade secrets.

General Information

Inhalation

: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Cover with blanket to keep warm and rest in a guiet surrounding. Seek immediate

medical advice and attention.

Skin Contact

: Wash skin with large amount of water using soap.

Eye Contact

: Rinse cautiously with clean water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, and continue rinsing. After rinsing for a minimum of 15

minutes, seek medical advice and attention.

Ingestion

: Without inducing vomiting, call a doctor for treatment. If mouth has been dirtied, clean

with water

Most Important

Symptoms/Effects, Acute

& Delayed Immediate Medical

Attention, Special Treatment

: If swallowed, may irritate mucous membrane of stomach and induce vomiting. Inhalation if mist may cause feeling ill. Skin contact and eye contact may cause

irritation.

: Treat symptomatically. Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Suitable Extinguishing Media

: Concentrated strong liquid in mist and powder forms, carbon dioxide and foam. Use powder and carbon dioxide may be used small fires only. Effective to use foam to

shutdown the air in a large fires.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

: Do not use water in a jet.

Specific Hazards Arising from Chemicals

: Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds

Fire fighting instructions

Water the surrounding equipment to cool them down. Cordon off the affected place

and its vicinity to all, except the concerned parties.

Protective Equipment & Precautions for Fighters

: Ensure to wear protective equipment and approach from windward.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this SDS. See Section 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Prepare suitable equipment and materials.

Emergency Proce Environmental Precautions

: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. In event of entering in the sea, extend oil fences to prevent from spreading, and sop up with absorbent materials. Use chemicals and/or detergents, they must satisfy technical standards as set by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport / Ministry of the Environment.

Methods and Material for Containment and Clean Up

Promptly remove all ignition sources and stop leakages. In a small leakage, absorb and recover by use of soil, sand, sawdust and waste clothes. In a large leakage, cordon off the danger zone, prevent from entering and enclose it with sand bank and stop outflow. Cover liquid surface with foam, and recover liquid into containers.

Additional Advice : Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE HANDLING

Technical Measures

: In handling this material over the allocated volume, ensure approval to meet requires of the laws. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot objects. No smoking. Take measures against static discharge. Ensure to wear clothing and shoes made of conductive materials. When fixing or processing machine, it carries out after removing dangerous objects completely. NEVER suck up (siphoning) this material by mouth. Wear suitable protect equipment if skin or eye contact may cause. Seal containers hermetically without handling in violent such as falling, dropping, or jolting.

Ventilation Precautions Precautions for Safe

Handling

: see Section 8

Use under normal temperature. Prevent from mixing water and impurity. Avoid contact with halogens, strong acids, alkali and oxidizing materials.

STRAGE

Conditions for Safe

Storage

: Keep containers tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place away from direct sunlight. It is recommended to lock up storage area. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Avoid heat, sparks, open flame and static accumulation.

Technical Measures : All electrical appliances shall be explosion-proof types, and they all must be earthed.

Precautions for Safe

: Avoid contact and storage in same place with halogens, strong acids, alkali and

Stroage

oxidizing materials.

Recommended Materials : Storage in original containers. Do not pressurize empty containers. May cause

rupture. Do not weld, heat up, drill or cut containers. May ignite the residue and cause

explosion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is

provided for information only.

Equipment Seal or install ventilations for mist occurs. Install eye shower and body shower near

working site.

Standard Concentration

: Not specified

Control

OSHA. Permissible : 5mg/m3 (Oil mist, mineral)

Exposure Limits (PEL)

Occupational Exposure : Japan Society for Occupational Health(2018)⁽¹⁾ 3mg/m³ (as Oil mist, mineral)

Limits

ACGIH(2018) TWA[Inhalable fraction.](2) 5mg/m³ (as Oil mist, mineral) : Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue work clothes.

Protective Equipment Respiratory Protection

: No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. Use

appropriate equipment in response to the circumstances.

Hand Protection Eye/Face Protection : Use oil-proof protective hand gloves under prolonged or repeated skin contact. Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Skin and Body

: Use oil-proof/long sleeved clothing under prolonged usage.

Protection Appropriate Sanitary

Measures:

: Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing must be

laundered before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : Aerosol. Liquid under pressure. Semi-solid after propellant

evaporated.

Colour Light vellow.

Odour Characteristic mineral oil.

Not applicable.

Pour point: ≤ Data not available. Melting/freezing point

Expected >35°C Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash point ≥ 40°C (PMCC) (< 0°C: based on butane/propane content)

Flammability

Yes Typical 1 - 11 %(V) (based on LPG/base oil)

Upper/lower Flammability or Explosion limits

Data not available. Approx. 0.9a/cm³(15°C)

Vapour pressure **Density**

Solubility

Water: Negligible.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

Data not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

Data not available. Expected >320°C

Decomposition Temperature

: Data not available. Data not available. Data not available. : Data not available.

Kinetic viscosity Relative vapour density

Particle characteristics

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability/ : Stable under normal condition.

Reactivity

: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agent. **Hazardous Reactivity**

Conditions to Avoid Avoid contact with halogens, strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizing materials.

Incompatible Materials Data not available.

Hazardous Decomposition: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

Products Generates smoke, carbon monoxide, sulfurous acid gas etc. during combustion.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar **Basis for Assessment**

products.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the main component of a whole product, rather than for individual component(s). Individual components

contained above cut-off value is described on Section 3.

Expected to be of low toxicity: $LD_{50} > 5000 \text{ mg/kg}$, $Rat^{(3)}$ **Acute Toxicity** 1 Oral

Expected to be of low toxicity: $LD_{50} > 5000 \text{ mg/kg}$, Rabbit⁽³⁾ 2 Dermal

3 Inhalation(Vapour) Data not available

4 Inhalation(Mist) Low toxicity: $LC_{50} > 5 \text{ mg/l}$, 4h, $Rat^{(3)}$ Skin Corrosion/Irritation

: Not classified as a skin irritation (rabbit test). (3) Prolonged/repeated contact may cause

defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. : Not classified as an eye irritation (rabbit test). (3)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin

Sensitisation

Carcinogenicity

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

: No data available concerning respiratory sensitisation.

Not classified as a skin sensitisation (Buehler test; guinea pig). (3)

: The mutagenic potential of the product category 'other lubricant base oils' has been extensively studied in a range of "in vivo" and "in vitro" assays. The majority of the studies showed no evidence of mutagenic activity. (3)

: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be noncarcinogenic in animal skin-

painting studies.(3)

Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC monographs: Group 3)(4), ACGIH(5) and EU

Directives. (6)

Reproductive and **Developmental Toxicity** Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Aspiration Hazard

Results of developmental and reproductive toxicity studies showed no evidence of developmental or reproductive toxicity in rats. (3)

: Acute studies do not indicate any specific organ toxicity following single exposure. (3)

: The repeat dose toxicity has been investigated by dermal and inhalation routes for periods between 4 weeks and up to 2 years. No systemic effects showed. (3)

: Not classified as aspiration hazard because this product is a aerosol in selfpressurized vessel.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.

Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of

similar products.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the main component of a whole product, rather than for individual component(s). Individual components

contained above cut-off value is described on Section 3.

Caution : Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

> : Fish(Fathead minnow, 96h) $>100 \text{mg/L}^{(3)}$ LL₅₀ : Fish(Fathead minnow, 14d) **NOEL** >100mg/L⁽³⁾ >10,000mg/L⁽³⁾ Crustacea (Daphnia magna, 48h) EL₅₀/NOEL Crustacea (Daphnia magna, 21d) NOEL $>10 \text{mg/L}^{(3)}$

The Water Accommodated Fraction (WAF) is applied following tests..

>100mg/L⁽³⁾ Algae(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) **NOEL** In a static 4-day microorganism luminescence inhibition study, no significant

luminescence inhibition was observed. (3)

Acute Aquatic Toxicity Chronic Aquatic Toxicity

Mobility in soil

Toxicity

Not expected to be a hazard. : Not expected to be a hazard. Generally floats on water.

Lubricating oil components have estimated log Koc >3, indicating these components are likely to be adsorbed onto soil and sediment and are not likely to leach to ground

water.

Persistence/degradability : Another lubricant base oil was determined to be inherently biodegradable but not

readily biodegradable, with a mean degradation of 31% by day 28.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Hazardous to ozone layer

Not available as highly refined base oil. Not classified because this product not contained substances listed on Montreal

Protocol and Ozone Layer Protection Law.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material Disposal

- 1 Waste disposal yourself or entrust the industrial waste treatment company who obtained the prefectural governor's permission or municipal corporation. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and
- 2 Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
- 3 For landfill disposal, destroy by fire and confirm cinders agreed to Waste Disposal
- 4 In event of burning this material, ensure to carryout work in safe place with guards in position, and select a method that would not cause any harm or damage to others during combustion or explosion.

Container Disposal

: Purify and recycle or performs suitable disposal in accordance with the standard of related laws and regulations. Disposal with remove content completely.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Class Class 2.1, Aerosols.

UN Number UN1950/Aerosols, Class 2.1 IATA/ICAO/IMDG UN1950/Aerosols, Class 2.1

Marine Pollutant Yes. (contain oil.)

Domestic Restriction Since domestic laws and regulations shown below are applicable, containers and

transportation methods shall be required to follow each and every regulation.

Land Fire Service Law: Dangerous goods. Group 4 (flammable liquid), Class 2 petroleum, Danger grade III

(water insoluble)

Container: If product classified as dangerous goods, use containers (other than tanker, tank car

and tank truck) for transportation usage, shall meet the Clause 2, Notice Attachment

3. concerning dangerous materials.

: Ship Safety Law: UN1950/Aerosols, Flammable liquid, Gases under pressure. Sea Air

Civil Aeronautics Act: UN1950/Aerosols, Flammable liquid, Gases under pressure.

(Aerosols could not be conveyed by the Civil Aeronautics Act.)

Special safety measures for transportation or means of transportation

1 Caution: Aerosol.

2 Transport remarkably with containers may not cause friction or agitation.

3 Display signage on vehicle and provide with fire fighting equipment, if and when required to transport more than the specified quantity. Total piled height of vehicle

shall be less than 3 meters.

4 Consolidation of this material with dangerous goods belonging to the 1st and 6th

Classification is prohibited.

5 Abide by other laws and regulations that are applicable.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Information

EINECS/ELINCS (EC) : All components listed or polymer exempt. TSCA (USA) : All components listed or in compliance. **METI (JAPAN)** : All components listed or in compliance.

Domestic Information

Fire Service Law : Dangerous goods. Group 4 (flammable liquid), Class 2 petroleum, Danger grade

III (water insoluble) : Not applicable

Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

Law

Industrial Safety and Health

: Labeling(Delivery of Documents): Mineral oil 20-30%, Petroleum naphtha 15-

25%, Butane 30-40%

Delivery of Documents: Diphenylamine <1%

Dangerous goods: Flammable materials, Extremely flammable gas

Poisonous and Deleterious

Substance Control Law High Pressure Gas Safety

: Article 2-3 Liquefied gas

Act

Security Regulation for General High-Pressure Gas: Article 2-1 Flammable gas : Waste Oil Regulation.

Marine Pollution Protection

Law

Sewage Control Law

Water Pollution Prevention

: Oil Disposal Regulation. (5mg/L)

: Not applicable

: Mineral Oil Disposal Regulation. (5mg/L)

Waste Disposal and Public

Cleaning Law

: Industrial Waste Regulation.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

- Subscribe "%" in this document means weight percentage.

- 1. Recommendation of Occupational Exposure Limits (2018), Japanese Society of Occupational Health
- 2. Thresholds limit values for chemical substances and physical agents and biological exposure indices, ACGIH (2018)
- 3. ECHA (European Chemicals Agency), website "ECHA CHEM", Information on Registered Substances (2011). SDS of EU suppliers (2011)
- 4. IARC Monographs Programme on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risk to Humans (2006)
- 5. ACGIH documentation (2006)
- 6. EC Directive 67/548/EEC Annex I, EU CLP Regulation(EC) No.1272/2008 Annex VI Table3.1, Table3.2

- Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 6th revised edition, UNITED NATIONS(2015)
- Japanese Standards Association (JSA), JIS Z 7253:2019, JIS Z 7252:2019
- National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (nite), "GHS Information"
- Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry, Chemical Management site.
 Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, "Label and SDS information for GHS model"

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) about hazardous chemical is provided for a entrepreneur as reference information for safety handling. Refer to this document and perform suitable handling. Nothing in this document shall reduce the user's responsibility to satisfy itself as to the suitability, accuracy, reliability, and completeness of such information for its particular use. There is no warranty against intellectual property infringement. The information contained in this document is based upon data believed to be reliable through our supply chain at the time. So, we could not guarantee all about the contents. This document is based on JIS Z7253:2019/JIS Z 7252:2019, and is not a guarantee of safety.

Shell Stamina Grease RL 2 SPRAY Code:001D9725S Date:maio 1, 2022 Page.6/6

Contents of SDS updated periodically. SDS compliance is required as a rule to all business enterprises engaged in transaction of chemicals (including products containing them) with other businesses. Retailer/ Wholesaler must provide newest SDS to customers.

[SDS Request]

As a rule, the direct delivery entrepreneur must provide the newest SDS to customer. Please contact not directly manufacturer but your supply chain company.